

between the arbitrators by an umpire appointed by the Local Government and the decision of such arbitrators or umpire shall be final."

2. In rule 50—

(1) After clause (xv), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(xvi) The Government shall at all times have the right of pre-emption of the minerals lying upon the land in respect of which the lease has been granted or elsewhere under the control of the lessee, provided that the fair market price shall be paid to the lessee for all minerals taken in pre-emption."

(2) Clause (xvi) shall be renumbered (xvii) and the following proviso shall be added to it, namely:—

"Provided that any dispute as regards the price to be paid for minerals taken in pre-emption by the Government from mines other than those of which possession or control has been taken over by the Government during war or other emergency shall be determined by two arbitrators one to be nominated by the Local Government and the other by the lessee or in case of disagreement between the arbitrators, by an umpire appointed by the Local Government and the decision of such arbitrators or umpire shall be final."

Ordered that the Resolution be published in the Gazette of India, for general information.

A. G. Glow,

Joint Secretary to the Government
of India.

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND LABOUR.

RESOLUTION.

Simla, the 11th May 1933.

No. M. 75.—The Governor-General in Council with the sanction of His Majesty's Secretary of State for India in council, is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the rules regulating the grant by Local Governments of licenses to prospect for minerals and of mining leases in British India, published with the resolution of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 7552-7581-121, dated the 15th September 1913, as subsequently amended:—

For the first sentence of rule 9 of the Mining Rules, the following shall be substituted:—

"A certificate of approval may be renewed at the discretion of the Local Government on payment of a fee of Rs. 10 if the application for renewal is received within one month after the date of expiry of the original certificate and on payment of a fee of Rs. 50 if the application is received after one month but within three months of the date of expiry of the original certificate. No application for renewal received after three months from the expiry of a certificate shall be entertained but a fresh certificate of approval may be granted at the discretion of the Local Government on payment of a fee of Rs. 50. The period of renewal of a certificate of approval has effect from the date of expiry of the original certificate or of a previous renewal, as the case may be, provided that no renewal shall have retrospective effect for purposes of priority under Rules 28, 42 and 55 beyond the date on which the application for such renewal was filed."

Ordered that the Resolution be published in the Gazette of India, for general information.

A. G. Glow,

Joint Secretary to the Government
of India.

GENERAL SECRETARIAT

No. G. 271—G, M. 1-33-11, dated 15th July 1933.

The following letter No: 88—2, dated the 10th March 1933, from His Majesty's Consul, Baghdad, to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, is published for general information:—

"I have the honour to inform you that several cases have recently occurred of British Indian Pilgrims arriving in 'Iraq' en route for the Hedjaz and being refused the necessary Pilgrim passes by the 'Iraq' authorities on the grounds that the pilgrims could only produce certificates of inoculation and vaccination given by private Medical Practitioners in India.

The Director-General of Health to the Iraq Government has informed me in this connection that only medical certificates given by, or attested by a responsible Sanitary Authority (i.e., a Local Medical Officer of Health, or a Doctor holding a Government Sanitary Post) are accepted by the Iraqi Health Authorities.

If the authorities in India concerned with the issue of passports and pilgrim passes could be instructed to bring these requirements to the notice of pilgrims intending to travel to the Hedjaz via 'Iraq' I feel sure the pilgrims would be spared a great deal of inconvenience and delay."

No. L. 581—V. P. 12-33-8, dated 17th July 1933.

Under section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation, 1894, as amended from time to time, Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of portions of Survey Nos. 92 and 94 of Kanchanhalli village, T. Narasipur Taluk, notified in Notification No. L. 458—V. P. 12-31-205, dated 14th July 1932, as being required for the formation of a new village site to Ganigakoppal as it is reported that the said portions are not required for the purpose.

No. L. 542—V. P. 9-32-5, dated 18th July 1933.

Under section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation, 1894, as amended from time to time, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of 4 guntas of land out of Survey No. 72 of Somanhalli village, Kankanhalli Taluks, notified as required for the construction of a Village Hall in Notification No. L. 4076—V. P. 9-32-74, dated 12th December 1932, as the same is not now required for the said purpose.

No. Bl. 43—B.A. — 45-32-2, dated 18th July 1933.

In exercise of the powers vested in them under section 6 (2) (d) of the Mysore Representative Assembly Regulation, XVIII of 1923, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to make the following amendment to the rules relating to the conduct of elections to the Representative Assembly:—

1. In Notification No. Rel. 527—B.A. 33-29-1, dated 6th January 1930, laying down revised rules regarding the conduct of elections, the following proviso shall be added under Sub-rule (b) of Rule 8:—

“Provided that where the constituency having already been called upon under this sub-rule has failed to elect a person or the requisite number of persons as the case may be, to fill the vacancy or vacancies, the Deputy Commissioner shall not be bound to call again upon the constituency to elect a person or persons until such time, if any, as the Government think fit.”

The rule as amended will be as follows:—

(8) (a) If the number of candidates remaining for election is equal to the number of members to be returned by the constituency, all such candidates shall be declared duly elected.

(b) If the number of candidates is less than the number to be returned by the constituency, all such candidates shall be declared duly elected and the Deputy Commissioner shall by a notification in the Official Gazette and in such other manner as the Government may direct, call for fresh candidates for the remaining seat or seats and have the election conducted in accordance with these rules:

Provided that where the constituency, having already been called upon under this sub-rule, has failed to elect a person or the requisite number of persons, as the case may be, to fill the vacancy or vacancies, the Deputy Commissioner shall not be bound to call again upon the constituency to elect a person or persons until such time, as the Government think fit.

(c) If the number of such candidates is more than the number of vacancies, the names of candidates notified under rule 5 shall be struck out in the voting papers and a poll shall be taken.

No. Rl. 55—L.C. 18-32-2, dated 18th July 1933.

In exercise of the powers vested in them under section 6 (2) (d) of the Mysore Legislative Council Regulation, XIX of 1923, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to make the following amendments to the Rules relating to the Conduct of Elections to the Legislative Council:—

1. In Notification No. Rel. 529—L.C. 12-29-1, dated 7th January 1930, laying down revised Rules regarding the Conduct of Elections, for rule 8 (a) and (b), the following shall be substituted:—

8. (a) If the number of candidates remaining for election is equal to the number of members to be returned by the constituency, all such candidates shall be declared duly elected.

(b) If the number of candidates is less than the number to be returned by the constituency, all such candidates shall be declared duly elected and the Government shall, by a notification in the Official Gazette, call for fresh candidates for the remaining seat or seats and have the election conducted in accordance with these rules.

Provided that where the constituency, having already been called upon under this sub-rule, has failed to elect a person or the requisite number of persons, as the case may be, to fill the vacancy or vacancies, the Government shall not be bound to call again upon the constituency to elect a person or persons until such time, if any, as they think fit.

(c) If the number of such candidates is more than the number of vacancies, the names of candidates notified under rule 5 shall be struck out in the voting papers and a poll shall be taken.

By Order,

S. N. APPANNA IYENGAR,
Secretary to Government,
General Department.